



Roll No:

BTECH
(SEM IV) THEORY EXAMINATION 2021-22
DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data, then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.

2 * 10 = 20

| Q no | Question | CO |
|------|--|----|
| a | Identify the value of x in the expression $(561A)_{16} = (x)_8$. | 1 |
| b | Perform the subtraction $(101101 - 100110)_2$ using 2's complement method. | 1 |
| c | Compare serial adder and parallel adder | 2 |
| d | What is difference between combinational and sequential circuits. | 2 |
| e | The content of 4 bit register is initially 1101. The register is sifted six time to right with the serial input being 101101. What is the content of the register after sixth shift? | 3 |
| f | If in an edge triggered JK flip flop, $J=1$, $K=1$ and $Q=1$, when the clock pulse goes HIGH, what would be the next state of Q . | 3 |
| g | Define critical race and non-critical race conditions. | 4 |
| h | Differentiate synchronous and asynchronous sequential circuits. | 4 |
| i | Write the advantage and disadvantages of TTL and CMOS logic family | 5 |
| j | Explain fan-in and fan-out in logic families | 5 |

SECTION B

2. Attempt any three of the following:

10*3 = 30

| Q no | Question | CO |
|------|--|----|
| a | Simplify the following Boolean function using K-map and also draw the simplified logic circuit using basic logic gates $f(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 1, 5, 6, 12, 13, 14) + d(2, 4)$ | 1 |
| b | Implement the function $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 1, 2, 5, 8, 13, 14)$ using 8:1 multiplexer. Consider A, B, C as the select lines. | 2 |
| c | Differentiate between synchronous and asynchronous counters. Design a 2 bit synchronous UP counter | 3 |
| d | An asynchronous sequential circuit with two excitation function with two feedback loop is given as $Y_1 = xy_1 + \bar{x}y_2$; $Y_2 = xy_1 + \bar{x}y_2$ (i) Draw the logic diagram of the circuit. (ii) Derive the transition table & obtain the flow table | 4 |
| e | Differentiate RAM and ROM. Explain various types of ROM. | 5 |

SECTION C

3. Attempt any one part of the following:

10*1 = 10

| Q no | Question | CO |
|------|--|----|
| a | Explain Error detecting and Error correcting codes. A seven-bit Hamming code coming out of a transmission line is 1000010. What was the original code transmitted? Consider the even parity check. | 1 |
| b | Express the design of EX-OR gate with the help of (i) NAND gates only and (ii) NOR gates only | 1 |

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4. Attempt any one part of the following: 10*1 = 10

| Q no | Question | CO |
|------|--|----|
| a. | Explain the design of a Full adder, with its truth table and Boolean expression. | 2 |
| b. | Design a Binary Code to Gray code Converter, Also show its truth table, Boolean expression and logic diagram | 2 |

5. Attempt any one part of the following: 10*1 = 10

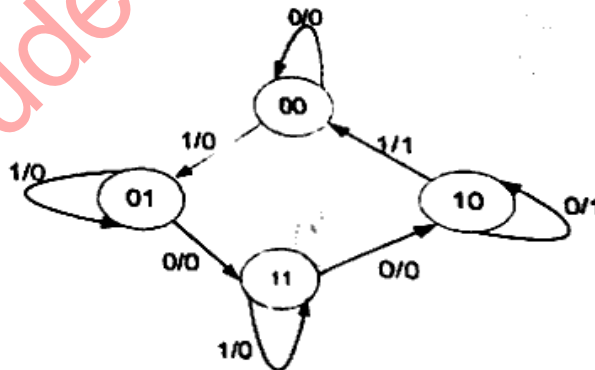
| Q no. | Question | CO |
|-------|---|----|
| a. | Discuss the Race around condition of JK flip flop. How JK flip-flop can be used as T flip-flop, Explain the design procedure | 3 |
| b. | Analyze RS flip -flop. using NAND-NAND logic and obtain its characteristic equation and excitation table. Explain how will you convert it in D Flip-flop. | 3 |

6. Attempt any one part of the following: 10*1 = 10

| Q no | Question | CO |
|------|--|----|
| a. | Implement the circuit defined by the following transition table with a NOR SR Latch. Also show the implementation with NAND SR latch | 4 |

| | | | | |
|-----|--------------|----|----|----|
| | $X \times Y$ | | | |
| Y | 00 | 01 | 11 | 10 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

| | | |
|----|---|---|
| b. | Write the design procedure for clocked sequential circuits and implement the following state diagram. | 4 |
|----|---|---|



7. Attempt any one part of the following: 10*1 = 10

| Q no. | Question | CO |
|-------|---|----|
| a. | Explain PLA and PAL. Implement the given Boolean function with a PLA. $Y_1(A, B, C) = \sum m(4, 5, 7); \quad Y_2(A, B, C) = \sum m(3, 5, 7)$ | 5 |
| b. | Construct the following logic gates from NMOS and PMOS logic Families (i) NAND (ii) NOR | 5 |